

# UTAH BUILDING AT SEATTLE DEDICATED

## Governor Spry and Staff Chief Figures in Big Exposition Celebration.

### SALT LAKE CADETS ARE PRAISED

#### Good Words for Utah Are Spoken by Officials of Exposition as Well as Visitors Who Witness the Utah Day Ceremonies.

(Special to the Herald-Republican.)  
SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 25.—Up from the sound at break of day this morning rolled an all-enveloping rain cloud. The cloud broke about 8 o'clock and kept on breaking all morning, spilling its contents in chilly drops of copious proportions upon the grounds of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition.

At intervals the sun made valiant efforts to drive away the moisture, though without success enough to notice.

But the sun shone for Utah. It shone in the hearts of men and women, the boys and girls assembled far from home to pay tribute to the state of their adoption or their nativity.

At 10 o'clock the battalion of Salt Lake High School cadets, in their bravest uniforms of gray coats and white trousers, marched out of Camp D. C. Jackling and proceeded to the main entrance to welcome Governor Spry and his staff and to escort them to the Utah building.

As the battalion lined up Captain Webb addressed the cadets. "You men are neither sugar nor salt," said he. "A little rain won't hurt you, and I am going to carry out our part of the program just as if the sun were shining. I want you to disregard the rain absolutely." And they did.

Boys Stand in Rain.  
Through some unfortunate misunderstanding as to the hour for the ceremony, Governor Spry and his staff were a half hour late in arriving at the main entrance. During all that time the boys stood in the rain, and they maintained their line as bravely as though the bluest of blue skies arched above them.

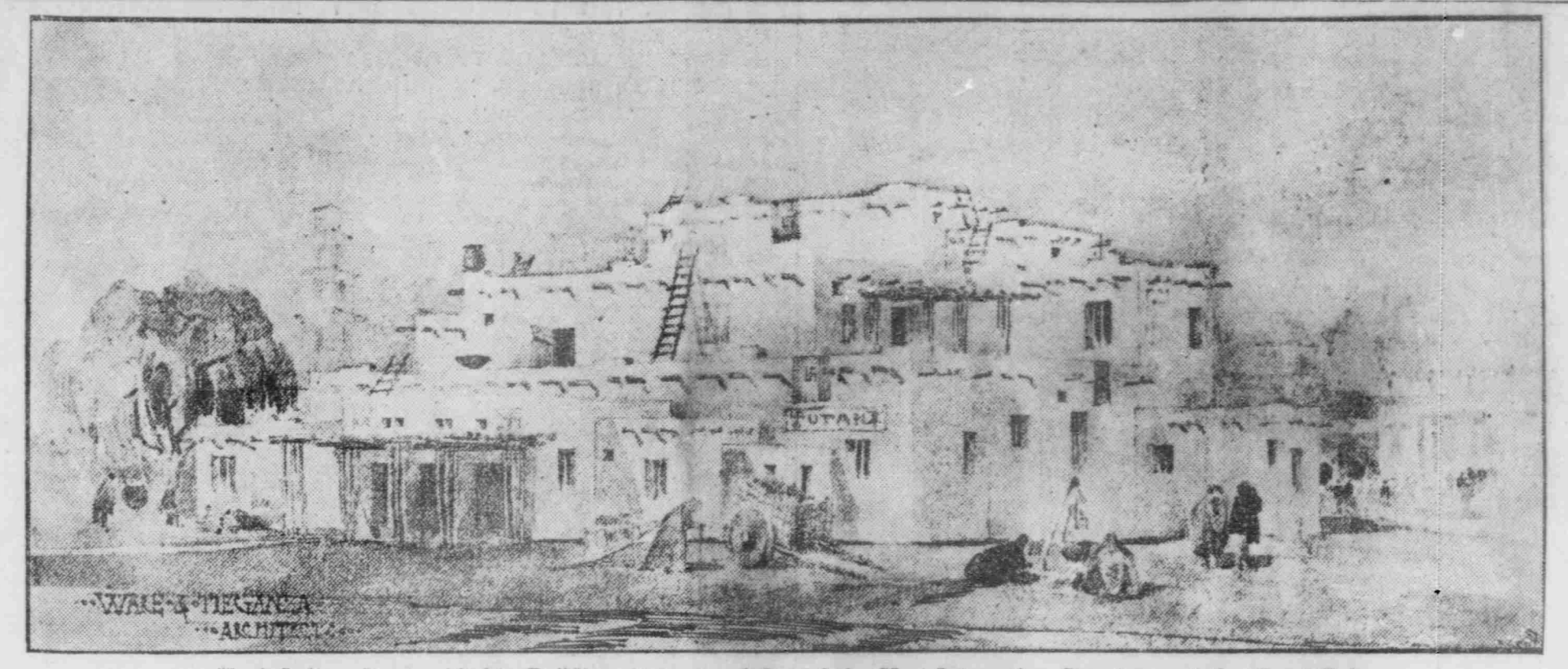
They were soldiers all, though most of them were wet to the skin. Now, for fear that some anxious mother may be caused a few moments of distress it may be well to quote the grained police sergeant. "They look as if they're in uniform and the rain won't hurt 'em a bit. I been walkin' a beat in this town for twenty-five years and I never heard of anybody bein' hurt by rain in Seattle." And the governor was scheduled to arrive at 10:30 o'clock. It was 11 o'clock when the automobile containing the governor and his staff drew up at the gate. Three thousand persons were waiting in the rain to see the ceremony. As a special compliment to the exposition, the land played the A-Y-P march and played it in a manner that drew the admiration of the building's cadets. On arriving at the building the cadets were dismissed and sent back to their quarters for a change of uniform, while the ceremonies of formally dedicating the building were carried out.

This function was presided over by Governor General L. Nadeau. As a special introductory talk accorded the highest praise to Utah for her enterprise in preparing such a splendid home, filled with so many interesting exhibits. He also had a word of praise for the Utah people who have had charge of the building and the exhibits, notably W. H. Rowe, director of exhibits.

Governor Spry was the next speaker. The executive was in a happy mood. He said among other things that Utah was glad to be represented at the exposition with exhibits showing her varied industries and with a comfortable home of her own. But the last exhibit from Utah was the living one, the high school cadets, because they showed that Utah people were loyal and true, that they taught their boys love of home and love of country.

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# UTAH STATE BUILDING AT THE A-Y-P EXPOSITION



Hopi Indian House, Utah's Building, pronounced One of the Most Interesting Structures at the Great Fair.

## WIZARD HURRIES HOME TO CHECK DEEP DARK PLOT

### Enemies Were After His Scalp and He Returned to Protect It.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—That Edward H. Harriman returned from Europe yesterday more because he was fighting mad than that the state of his health demanded it, was the startling declaration today of some of his closest real friends in the financial district. They developed the idea that while taking the baths in Austria he learned of a plot or conspiracy on the part of a number of prominent financiers, some of them directors in the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, to "cut a melon" on their own account. "Union Pacific preferred was to have been the medium. Harriman's death abroad was expected and would have been the signal for the cutting. The plan was carefully drawn and millions would have been won. It failed when Mr. Harriman showed that he was still in touch even with the innermost councils of his associates. He refused to let the as scheduled by them and took the long chance of coming home for the after-cure that his European doctors prescribed him to take in France.

### Thought Him Dying.

Some of his associates declared when he went abroad for his health that he was a dying man. Frankly, they did not expect him to return from the baths and health machines of the foreign doctors. They decided that his death, or even his retirement, would offer an opportunity to liquidate the Union Pacific company, which is primarily rich, particularly in its holdings of stocks and bonds of other railroad corporations. Union Pacific common was already too high in the market to form the basis of a profitable pool. Union Pacific preferred was going begging just under par, owing to that charter 4 per cent deadline. The conspirators, as the real friends of Harriman call the clique, thought they had found a way around this deadline.

The plan was to liquidate the Union Pacific company. The investment holdings were to be put into one new corporation; the real railroad investment into another. The plan was labeled "segregation."

The word was passed in Wall street that Union Pacific preferred was a good thing to buy. The men who passed the tip were men who were buying heavily on their own personal accounts. The outsiders fell in and in the week ending Aug. 14 this 4 per cent limit stock went up twelve points to 118. Share after share was grabbed up eagerly and the melon was ripe for cutting.

Ex-Governor Benjamin B. Odell suddenly took a steamer for Europe shortly after the interior general. An inquiry made got under way. An inspired interview from his own town of Newburg, offered to all the newspapers and printed by some, held that he had gone to see Mr. Harriman about New York politics.

The next they heard was that Harriman had changed his mind about after-curing in Europe and that he had booked passage on the Kaiser Wilhelm II, which arrived Tuesday, according to schedule.

This decision took the knife out of the hands of the melon-cutters and the real insiders. Wall street believes, got from under.

## DATE FOR HEARING OF SALT LAKE RATE CASE FIXED FOR SEPT. 22

Washington, Aug. 25.—A change in the itinerary of the interstate commerce commission on its Pacific coast trip developed today. It had been expected that the work of the commission would begin at Spokane, October 4. Commissioner Prouty, however, has assigned the first case for hearing at Salt Lake on September 22. The case is that of the Commercial Club Traffic Bureau of Salt Lake against the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe and other carriers. It involves freight rates on both westbound and eastbound traffic.

Assignment of the rehearing of the case of Spokane against the Northern Pacific railway and others, known as the Spokane rate case, is made for Spokane on September 23. It is likely the advance in the dates of the hearing of these cases will automatically advance the date of hearing of the cases in Seattle, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles and Reno.

## SOUTH BEND TO CELEBRATE SOON

### Home-Coming Features Will Keep Many Visitors Entertained.

South Bend, Ind., Aug. 25.—Gorgeous in features will be a home-coming celebration which South Bend will have from October 2 to 9. Although some weeks off, the indications are that it will be the greatest celebration of its kind in the history of the middle west, and that it will not only attract to South Bend hundreds of former residents of the city and other parts of St. Joseph county, but thousands of visitors from other parts of the country.

The most attractive event of the week there will be events which will keep the throngs of visitors busy. The city is planning a series of events which will be the center of great interest and open to the world.

It was found that the federal government had a right to make a law, excluding aliens imported for immoral purposes, but that after once admitted such persons were under the control of local laws.

## WESTERN BANKS HAVE PLENTY OF MONEY

### Acting Secretary of the Treasury Says They Can Get Along Without Aid.

Washington, Aug. 25.—Western banks and those of the interior generally are overflowing with money. They can get along with little aid from eastern banks. This is the view of Acting Secretary of the Treasury Norton, who has just returned from Beverly, where he had a conference with the president. Any talk of money being made today for the Federal Reserve Bank, which is pressed for money with which to move the crops seems to be discounted by the fact that the services at the treasury are not two months have been a failure of a national bank.

## ARRANGEMENTS MADE FOR FUNERAL TODAY OF MOSES THATCHER

(Special to the Herald-Republican.)  
Logan, Aug. 25.—Final arrangements were made today for the funeral of Moses Thatcher, which will be held from the tabernacle here at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. An effort was made to get as one of the speakers Apostle O. F. Whitney, but he could not leave. The speakers will be the choir of Cache state, will render "Music, There will also be music by the largest funeral ever held in Logan. The funeral will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, and will be closed for the afternoon, until the services at the cemetery are completed, and many will probably attend from out of town.

## METAL POLISHERS WANT SHORTER DAY

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 25.—The Metal Polishers and Buffers' International union will start a fight for an eight-hour day in every state in the union. A big defense fund will be raised. This was announced by the national executive board today.

## POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS IN FAVOR WITH PRESIDENT

### Will Urge Their Creation in His Next Message to the Congress.

BEVERLY, Mass., Aug. 25.—President Taft indicated in talks with callers today that in his message to congress next December he will strongly urge the early establishment of a postal savings bank system. He will ask that the Republican platform declaration in favor of postal banks be fulfilled as speedily as possible.

President Taft believes several hundred millions of dollars would be placed at the government's disposal through postal savings banks. It is suggested that this money might well be employed in taking up the \$50,000,000 or \$700,000,000 outstanding of government 2 per cent bonds, which have given much concern to the treasury department officials.

Already the bonds are selling below par, and there is fear of further depression. The president believes the postal banks would appeal to timid persons, who are afraid to trust the ordinary banks, and would rather get the small interest on government bonds.

By placing the interest to be allowed by the postal banks at less than 2 per cent, Mr. Taft is convinced that no harm would be done to the ordinary banks of commerce, for discriminating persons who now place their money in these banks are apt to be practically forced out of the interest offered by the ordinary savings banks. Secretary Meyer strongly favors the postal banks.

President Taft expressed himself as unalterably opposed to a guarantee of bank deposits. He stated he did not believe in making one set of banks stand responsible for another set.

Tomorrow the president will confer with Senator Aldrich, chairman of the senate finance committee, and Secretary MacVeagh. The postal banks will have a share in the discussion.

President Taft had a long talk today with Ames P. Wilder, American consul general at Shanghai, China, and discussed with him the opportunities for extending American trade in that empire.

## PENNSYLVANIA OFFICIAL FOUND DEAD IN STABLE

### Is Supposed to Have Committed Suicide, Following Financial Difficulties.

York, Pa., Aug. 25.—District Attorney William L. Ammon of this city was found dead in the loft of the stable in rear of his home today. He is believed to have committed suicide.

For fifteen years prior to the fall of 1908, Mr. Ammon was secretary of the Standard Building & Loan association of this city. He had the custody of the association's funds and today an expert accountant who recently went over Ammon's accounts said:

"The clerk of the association had been systematically misappropriated by Mr. Ammon. The extent of the embezzlement cannot be approximately estimated, but as the work proved the amount every larger. After interviews with Mr. Ammon, one of which was last night, he offered no explanation and admitted the shortage."

## GOUGHAN EXCITED BY STORY OF A VANDERBILT SHOOTING

### Rumor Proves to Be a Joke Played on New York Coroner by Some Person Unknown.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—New York was startled shortly after midnight today by a report which originated from some unknown source and was communicated to the coroner's office that Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt had been shot at the Grand Union hotel, at Forty-second street and Park avenue.

The coroner's clerk who received the mysterious information by telephone notified Coroner Shardy, who immediately started for Bellevue hospital, where, it was understood, Mr. Vanderbilt had been taken. Before going, however, the coroner telephoned Bellevue and learned that Mr. Vanderbilt was not there. Subsequent inquiry at the Grand Union hotel showed that there had been no shooting there tonight.

The clerk at the hotel said that the first intimation that he had of any shooting came through an inquiry from a New York newspaper. This was followed quickly by inquiries from nearly every other newspaper in the city, which in the meantime had received the report. The coroner quickly found that he had

# UTAH BANK IS NOW AS GOOD AS OTHER STATES

## Senator Sutherland Declares One Must Come Home to Utah to Hear Any Libelous Stories About This State.

### JUNIOR SENATOR COMES BACK FROM WASHINGTON

Explains Many Features of the New Tariff Bill, and Shows That the Republican Party Has Redeemed Its Pledges.

### A GOOD LAW FOR UTAH

"UTAH stands today in Washington precisely the same as any other state in the Union. All libelous stories concerning Utah and all of the obloquy that has been heaped upon her people have ceased in the east. If one wishes to hear anything bad about Utah he must come home to hear it. It is no longer to be found abroad."

In making this statement Senator George Sutherland, who returned from Washington last evening, said that for the first time in the history of the state its people were judged on precisely the same standard with other people of the nation.

The stories disseminated concerning the state and its people have now ceased to have any weight, and they are being forgotten.

Utah's representatives in congress have just as much weight, and in some instances more, compared with the representatives of other states of the Union.

Senator Sutherland returned to Salt Lake last night on the Los Angeles Limited. He is a member of the senate, and the chief of congress which has just closed both of Utah's senators were usually busy. Both had memberships in the leading committees of the senate, an honor seldom given to one state. Senator Sutherland was a member of the finance committee and Senator Sutherland a member of the judiciary committee.

Senator Sutherland is pleased with the tariff legislation and particularly pleased with the success which crowned the efforts of the representatives of Utah in congress in securing so many concessions in the bill favorable to Utah. The senator said that Utah probably fared better than any other state in the Union. The Dingley tariffs on lead, wool and sugar were practically free and although hides were made duty free a current resolution drawn by Senator Sutherland lessened the effect of this clause to such an extent that the injury to Utah and the west because of this clause is minimized.

A Boon to Utah.  
In addition to the aid to Utah by the raising of the Dingley tariffs, protecting the principal industries of the state, the new tariff bill is a boon to the zinc mining industry of the state. This industry is growing rapidly in Utah and its growth will take rapid strides now that federal protection is provided for it. The bill places a duty of 1 cent a pound on zinc ore. This makes it possible for the American zinc mines to pay the present high salaries to the necessities of life, and the material effect of the bill was a decided reduction.

The senator said that the new tariff bill was a material reduction in the tariff schedules. Through in some instances the duty was increased, there was a substantial reduction in the duty on practically all of the necessities of life, and the material effect of the bill was a decided reduction.

Under the tariff plank in the Republican national platform the party was bound to revise the tariff, but not to revise it downward. It was to revise it with a view to equalizing the cost of production at home and abroad. In the present tariff schedule, in many cases the tariff on luxuries was increased, but in almost every case the tariff on necessities was reduced. He said that the tariff bill was not perfect. It would be impossible to frame a perfect tariff bill for a country as large as the United States, but the present bill, viewing it from every standpoint, is almost ideal.

"If I were to express my personal opinion,"

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## TWO KILLED AND SIX HURT; FREIGHT TRAIN RUNS AWAY

### Runaway Train Speeds Five Miles Down Steep Grade and Hits Switch Engine.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., Aug. 25.—Two trainmen were killed and six persons were injured early today, when an eastbound Santa Fe freight train of forty-seven cars got beyond control of the crew at Warren, five miles west of Mojave, and ran away down the grade.

At Mojave the train collided with a switch engine, and thirty-nine cars and the engines were piled up in a hopeless wreck at the west end of the yard.

The dead are L. W. Harris, fireman, and R. R. Roth and W. B. Mulloy, both brakemen on the runaway train. Mr. Shovin, the Southern Pacific engineer, may die. His skull is fractured, his left arm is broken and he is suffering from serious internal injuries.

Engineer Maguire of the runaway train, who was reported fatally hurt, may live, his internal injuries, which were thought to be of less consequence. R. R. Roth, the brakeman who is reported dead, is accounted for by the railroad company as missing, and his body is believed to be in the wreckage.

Of the other injured, one gave his name at the hospital as Frank Jones and the other declared to state his name. He is entered on the hospital books as "John Doe." Neither is seriously hurt. They were riding on the freight train and are laborers.

TWO WORKMEN CRUSHED.  
San Francisco, Aug. 25.—Two laborers were crushed to death today by a caving wall in a building in course of construction. They were John Regan, whose family resides in Waukegan, Wash., and William Harrison, who came to this city from Bakersfield.